

Note: Green cells indicate DFID Programme Countries

Low-Income Countries (LICs)	Lower-Middle Income Countries (MICs)	Upper-Middle Income Countries (UMICs)	High-Income Countries (HICs)
Afghanistan	Armenia	Albania	Andorra
Benin	Bangladesh	Algeria	Antigua and Barbuda
Burkina Faso	Bhutan	American Samoa	Aruba
Burundi	Bolivia	Angola	Australia
Central African Republic	Cabo Verde	Argentina	Austria
Chad	Cambodia	Azerbaijan	Bahamas, The
Comoros	Cameroon	Belarus	Bahrain
Congo, Dem. Rep.	Congo, Rep.	Belize	Barbados
Eritrea	Cote d'Ivoire	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Belgium
Ethiopia	Djibouti	Bostwana	Bermuda
Gambia, The	Egypt, Arab Rep.	Brazil	Brunei Darussalam
Guinea	El Salvador	Bulgaria	Canada
Guinea-Bissau	Ghana	China	Cayman Islands
Haiti	Guatemala	Colombia	Channel Islands
Korea, Dem. Rep.	Honduras	Costa Rica	Chile
Liberia	India	Cuba	Croatia
Madagascar	Indonesia	Dominica	Curacao
Malawi	Kenya	Dominican Republic	Cyprus
Mali	Kiribati	Equatorial Guinea	Czech Republic
Mozambique	Kosovo	Ecuador	Denmark
Nepal	Kyrgyz Republic	Fiji	Estonia
Niger	Lao PDR	Gabon	Faroe Islands
Rwanda	Lesotho	Georgia	Finland
Senegal	Mauritania	Grenada	France
Sierra Leone	Micronesia, Fed Sts.	Guyana	French Polynesia
Somalia	Moldova	Iran, Islamic Rep.	Germany
South Sudan	Mongolia	Iraq	Greece
Tanzania	Morocco	Jamaica	Greenland
Togo	Myanmar (Burma)	Jordan	Guam
Uganda	Nicaragua	Kazakhstan	Hong Kong, SAR China
Zimbabwe	Nigeria	Lebanon	Hungary
	Occupied Palestinian Territories	Libya	Iceland
	Pakistan	Macedonia, FYR	Ireland
	Papua New Guinea	Malaysia	Isle of Man
	Philippines	Maldives	Israel
	Samoa	Marshall Islands	Italy
	Sao Tome and Principe	Mauritius	Japan
	Solomon Islands	Mexico	Korea, Rep.
	Sri Lanka	Montenegro	Kuwait
	Sudan	Namibia	Latvia
	Swaziland	Palau	Liechtenstein
	Syrian Arab Republic	Panama	Lithuania
	Tajikistan	Paraguay	Luxembourg
	Timor-Leste	Peru	Macao SAR, China
	Tonga	Romania	Malta
	Tunisia	Russian Federation	Monaco
	Ukraine	Serbia	Nauru

	Uzbekistan	South Africa	Netherlands
	Vanuatu	St. Lucia	New Caledonia
	Vietnam	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	New Zealand
	Yemen, Rep.	Suriname	Northern Mariana Islands
	Zambia	Thailand	Norway
		Turkey	Oman
		Turkmenistan	Poland
		Tuvalu	Portugal
		Venezuela, RB	Puerto Rico
			Qatar
			San Marino
			Saudi Arabia
			Seychelles
			Singapore
			Sint Maarten (Dutch part)
			Slovak Republic
			Slovenia
			Spain
			St. Kitts and Nevis
			St. Martin (French part)
			Sweden
			Switzerland
			Taiwan, China
			Trinidad and Tobago
			Turks and Caicos Islands
			United Arab Emirates
			United Kingdom
			United States of America
			Uruguay
			Virgin Islands (U.S.)

Please note: This table is based on the [World Bank Country Income Classification 2017](#). For the current 2017 fiscal year, low-income economies are defined as those with a GNI per capita, calculated using the [World Bank Atlas method](#), of \$1,025 or less in 2015; lower middle-income economies are those with a GNI per capita between \$1,026 and \$4,035; upper middle-income economies are those with a GNI per capita between \$4,036 and \$12,475; high-income economies are those with a GNI per capita of \$12,476 or more.